SYSTEMATIC PALAEONTOLOGY

A) Zoopalaeontology

Family and lower taxonomic units must be cited. Authors may decide which taxonomic ranks above the level of family to include; include higher ranks if there is controversy regarding usage. Ranks beyond family you include, you must attach taxon author names and dates here and in the references. Al cited ranks from species to family levels have to be included in the references.

Systematic palaeontology - examples:

Class Rhombifera Zittel, 1879 Superfamily Glyptocystitidacea Bather, 1899 Family Macrocystellidae Bather, 1899

Genus Macrocystella Callaway, 1877 (previously described genus)

Type species. – Xxxxxxx. (recommended)

Diagnosis. – In telegraphic style and in a standard sequence. (optional)

Description. – Xxxxxxxx. (optional)

Remarks. – Xxxxx. (optional)

Occurrence. – Xxx. (= distribution or stratigraphic range, optional)

Genus Macrocystella gen. nov. (for a new genus)

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Type species. – xxxx (required).

Etymology. – Xxxxxxx. (required)

Diagnosis. – In telegraphic style and in a standard sequence. (required)

Description. – Xxxxxxxx. (required)

Remarks. – Xxxxx. (recommended)

Other species. – Xxxx. (= species assigned, required)

Occurrence. – Xxx. (= distribution or stratigraphic range, recommended)
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Glyptosphaerites ferrigena (Barrande, 1887) (previously described species)

Figures 2A, 4D-F

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1887 Echinosphaerites? ferrigena Barr., Barrande, p. 154, pl. 21, figs 1-4,9,10. 1965 Glyptosphaerites ferrigena (Barrande, 1887). – Prokop, p. 807. 1999 Echinosphaerites? ferrigena Barrande, 1887. – Prokop & Petr, p. 64.
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Material. – Xxxx. (required)

Diagnosis. – Xxxxxx. (in telegraphic style and in a standard sequence, optional)
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Description. – Xxxxx. (in telegraphic style and in a standard sequence, recommended)

Remarks. – Xxxxx. (recommended)

Occurrence. – Xxxxx. (= distribution or stratigraphic range, recommended)

Glyptosphaerites ferrigena sp. nov. (for a new species)

Figures 2A, 7A-H

Types. - Xxxxxxxx. (required)

Type horizon and locality. – Xxx. (required)

Material. – Xxxx. (required)

Etymology. – Xxxxxxx. (required)

Diagnosis. – Xxxx. (in telegraphic style and in a standard sequence, required)

Description. – Xxxxxxxx. (required)

Remarks. – Xxxxx. (recommended)

Occurrence. – Xxxxx. (= distribution or stratigraphic range, recommended).

B) Palaeobotany

Articles of the <u>International Code of Botanical Nomenclature</u> of the most recent must be followed for all nomenclatural procedures. Names of the authors can be abbreviated according to the Brummitt & Powell (1992): Authors of plant names. Royal Botanical Gardens. Kew.

The year of the publication behind the author('s) name is in each case strongly recommended. Authors of combinations and/or transfers must be indicated. In case of the newly published taxon of the family and lower rank, the type should be established by wording: *Holo- (lecto-, neo-) type selected here* (or in Latin). In case of new combination or other type of trasfer, the basionym with its full reference must be indicated. Infrageneric and infraspecific taxa names must be indicated by the proper rank abbreviation. The typification is recquired for all new taxa of the family and lower ranks. All the formal entities are indicated by the pre-fix morpho- for all ranks (e.g., morpho-species).

Systematic palaeobotany - examples:

Division and subordinate taxa, including Incertae Sedis (recommended)

Genus Arbusculidium Deunff 1968 (previously described genus)

Type.– xxxxxxx. (recommended)

Diagnosis.— Including differential characters. (optional)

Description.– xxxxxxxx. (optional)

Occurrence. – xxx (= distribution or stratigraphic range). (optional)

Remarks. - xxxxx. (optional).

Genus Schenkiella Wojcicki & Kvaček gen. nov. (for a new genus)

Type.– established here, number of specimen, repository, reference to the illustration (required).

Etymology.- xxxxxxx. (required)

Diagnosis.— Including differential characters. (required)

Description. - xxxxxxxx. (required)

Occurrence.— xxx (= distribution and/or stratigraphic range). (recommended)

Remarks.- xxxxx. (recommended).

Other species. - xxxx (optional).

Schenkiella credneri (Schenk) Wojcicki & Kvaček 2002 (previously described species)

Figures 2A,4D -F,7A -H

1877 Trapa credneri Schenk sp. nov.; Schenk, p.396, pl. 4, figs 3-4.

1882 Trapa credneri Schenk; Beck, p.765, pl.32, fig.21.

2002 Schenkiella credneri (Schenk) Wojcicki & Kvaček comb. nov.; Wojcicki & Kvaček, p.111, figs 2-5.

Material.– xxxx (required).

Description. - xxxxx (required).

Remarks. - xxxxx (recommended).

Occurrence. – xxxxx (recommended, = distribution or stratigraphic range).

Ladogella volkovae Di Milia & al., sp. nov. (for a new species)

Figures 2A,4D –F,7A –H

Holotype. – established here, number of specimen, repository, reference to the illustration (required).

Type horizon and locality.– xxx. (required)

Etymology.– xxxxxxx. (required)

Material. - xxxx (required).

Diagnosis. – Including differential characters. (required)

Description. – xxxxxxxx. (required)

Remarks. – xxxxx. (recommended).

Occurrence.– xxxxx (recommended, = distribution or stratigraphic range).